Financial Statements
Year Ended March 31, 2021

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Year Ended March 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Rethink Breast Cancer Canada

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rethink Breast Cancer Canada (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended March 31, 2021, current assets and net assets as at March 31, 2021. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation of scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Rethink Breast Cancer Canada *(continued)* process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Oakville, Ontario September 14, 2021

Jonathan Sears CA Professional Corporation Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Statement of Financial Position March 31, 2021

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT Cash Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable Harmonized sales tax recoverable Prepaid expenses	\$ 352,603 48,342 84,232 25,562 9,745	\$ 128,425 48,208 37,403 30,368 9,661
	520,484	254,065
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Note 4)	6,540	18,177
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Note 5)	 17,182	26,697
	\$ 544,206	\$ 298,939
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable Government remittances payable Deferred contributions (Note 6)	\$ 45,091 16,774 - 150,000	\$ 32,637 11,209 6,550 12,300
	211,865	62,696
LONG TERM DEBT	 40,000	-
	251,865	62,696
NET ASSETS General fund	 292,341	236,243
	\$ 544,206	\$ 298,939

Director
Director

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended March 31, 2021

	2021	2020
REVENUES		
Corporate sponsorships	\$ 644,956	\$ 845,947
Donations	232,014	234,684
Annual campaigns and events	 78,133	465,085
	 955,103	1,545,716
EXPENSES		
Breast cancer programs	702,590	834,839
Annual campaigns and events	288,062	504,670
Administrative	195,810	209,063
Research grants	 -	16,500
	 1,186,462	1,565,072
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM		
OPERATIONS	 (231,359)	(19,356)
OTHER INCOME		
Interest income	135	1,415
Government wage subsidy	302,007	13,959
Contributed services amoritzation	-	13,593
Loss on disposal of assets	 (14,685)	
	 287,457	28,967
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 56,098	\$ 9,611

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended March 31, 2021

	2021			2020		
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	236,243 56,098	\$	226,632 9,611		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	292,341	\$	236,243		

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Statement of Cash Flow Year Ended March 31, 2021

		2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenues over expenses Items not affecting cash:	\$	56,098	\$ 9,611
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Amortization		14,685 12,428	- 32,789
		83,211	42,400
Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable Harmonized sales tax Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable Deferred contributions Deferred capital Employee deductions payable		(46,829) 4,806 (84) 12,455 5,565 137,700 - (6,550)	71,026 441 598 (6,866) 3,951 (145,091) (13,593) (1,271) (90,805)
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities		190,274	(48,405)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Short-term investments Cash flow used by investing activities	_	(5,961) (135) (6,096)	(21,677) (22,758) (44,435)
FINANCING ACTIVITY Bank loans payable		40,000	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW		224,178	(92,840)
Cash - beginning of year		128,425	221,265
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	352,603	\$ 128,425

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

Rethink Breast Cancer Canada (the "organization") is a national organization raising funds to fight breast cancer through the advancement of education and research. The organization was incorporated without share capital under the Canadian Corporations Act on March 15, 2001, is a registered Canadian charity, and is exempt from income taxes.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO).

Revenue recognition

Rethink Breast Cancer Canada follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and investments with an initial maturity of three months or less at the time of acquisition.

Short-term investments

Investments for which there are quoted prices in an active market are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses are reported as part of net income. Investments for which there is not an active market are carried at amortized cost except when it is established that their value is impaired. Impairment losses, or reversal of previously recognized impairment losses, are reported as part of net income.

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended March 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization. Property, plant and equipment is amortized over its estimated useful life at the following rates and methods:

Computer equipment 45% declining balance method Furniture and fixtures 20% declining balance method

The organization regularly reviews its property, plant and equipment to eliminate obsolete items. Government grants are treated as a reduction of property, plant and equipment cost.

Property, plant and equipment acquired or under development during the year and not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Deferred capital

Capital contributions received for the purpose of acquiring property, plant, & equipment are deferred and amortized on the same basis, and over the same periods, as the related property, plant, & equipment.

Intangible assets

Website development costs are capitalized if they significantly enhance the capability or capacity of the company's website. Costs capitalized include external direct costs of materials and services. Any costs during the preliminary project stage or related to training or maintenance is expensed as incurred. Capitalization ceases when the projects are substantially complete and ready for their intended use.

Contributed services

The organization receives contributed services (contributions-in-kind) from various organizations and individual volunteers. These items are recorded in the financial statements only when the fair market value can be reasonably estimated.

Donated goods

Donated goods are recorded at their fair market value at the time of the donation. During the year \$0 in equity securities were donated (2020 - \$25,845).

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended March 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Allocation of expenses

When allocating an expense among various operating functions, the organization follows the following approach:

For an expense that contributes directly to the output of one function it is applied directly to that function.

For all other expenses, the organization uses the percentage of employee time by function and allocates based the relevant percentage.

Measurement uncertainty

Certain amounts in the financial statements are subject to measurement uncertainty and are based on the organization's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Examples of significant estimates include:

- providing for amortization of property, plant and equipment;
- the estimated useful lives of assets;
- · the collectibility of accounts receivable;
- the recoverability of tangible assets;
- the valuation of contributed goods and services

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Leases

Leases are classified as either capital or operating leases. At the time the organization enters into a capital lease, an asset is recorded with its related long-term obligation to reflect the acquisition and financing. Rental payments under operating leases are expensed as incurred.

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pledges

Pledges which are legally enforceable (less an allowance for amounts considered uncollectible) are recorded as receivable in the year made. Pledges to support current operations are recorded as general fund receipts. Pledges made for the acquisition of property or to support future operations are recorded as deferred amounts in their respective fund.

2. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

3.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		
		 2021	2020
	RBC Dominion Securities	\$ 48,342	\$ 48,208

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Cost	 cumulated ortization	N	2021 let book value
Computer equipment	\$	14,151	\$ 7,611	\$	6,540
Amortization was \$2,912 for the year (2020 - \$10,1)	12).	Cost	 cumulated ortization	1	2020 Net book value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$	123,280 57,791	\$ 113,480 49,414	\$	9,800 8,377
	\$	181,071	\$ 162,894	\$	18,177

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
		2021	2020
	Website development Accumulated amortization	\$ 156,333 (139,151) -	\$ 265,067 (238,370)
		\$ 17,182	\$ 26,697
	Amortization was \$9,516 for the year (2020 - \$22,677).		

6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions represents unspent resources received for which expenses have not yet been incurred. The ending balance represents funds that have been donated and granted to the Organization and set aside for future uses. The deferred contributions balance is as follows:

	2021		2020
Balance at the beginning of the year Contributions received Amounts recognized as revenue	\$	12,300 150,000 (12,300)	\$ 157,391 9,610 (154,701)
Balance at the end of the year	\$	150,000	\$ 12,300

7. EXPENSE ALLOCATION

Salaries and benefits of \$711,300 (2020 - \$729,966), occupancy expenses of \$51,518 (2020 - \$70,184) and amortization expenses of \$12,428 (2020 - \$32,789) have been allocated as follows:

	 2021	2020	
Breast cancer programs Annual campaigns and events Administration	\$ 487,525 231,101 56,620	\$	563,308 215,060 54,571
	\$ 775,246	\$	832,939

RETHINK BREAST CANCER CANADA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

8. GLOBAL PANDEMIC

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak of COVID-19 as a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures. Since then, extraordinary actions have been taken by international, federal and local governments to contain and combat the outbreak and spread of COVID-19. These actions include travel bans, quarantines, "stay-at-home" orders, and similar mandates for many individuals to substantially restrict daily activities and for many businesses to curtail or cease normal operations.

In response to the various guidelines and mandates imposed by the government, Rethink took immediate decisive actions to lower costs, strengthen the balance sheet and optimize financial flexibility. Rethink continued operations during this time by reducing operating costs, capital expenditures, and the number of employees wherever possible.

The federal government has since responded with various assistance plans including wage subsidy programs to assist businesses to continue to pay their employees during this downturn in economic conditions.

It is management's opinion that the company currently has sufficient liquidity and access to financing in order to continue to fund its operations and to meet its obligations.

The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the coming year's financial results will depend on future developments, such as the ultimate duration and scope of the outbreak, its impact on employees, customers, and suppliers as well as the rate at which economic conditions, operations, and demand for the company's products and service returns to pre-COVID-19 levels